Approved For Release 2001/03/04 : CIA-RDP80-01601R0

# Pilot Defector From Cuba Helps

# Exiles Get Off the Ground

By DON BEDWELL Herald Aviation Writer

In 1960, Captain Eddie Ferrer diverted, to Miami a Cuban airliner under his command, holding prisoner a cockpit guard who had been assigned to prevent pilot defections.

Today, he flies for a major U.S. airline, with some apprehension over his fate should one of his jetliners be hijacked back to Cuba.

Ferrer, who began flying at nine and was only 17 when he received his air transport rating, is one of many Cuban exile pilots who have carved out new aviation careers for themselves here.

- ABOUT 250 Cubans have revived a 30-year-old Havana organization called the Cuban Pilots Association or, as their membership cards read, the Asociacion de Pilotos Aviadores de Cuba.

Ferrer was a guiding force in the restitution of that organization and now serves as its president.

"A lot of Cuban pilots are flying today because of his efforts in looking for positions for pilots as far away as Africa," said Bill Alexander, a Cuban exile who flew wing to wing with Ferrer at the Bay of Pigs.

"Eddie persuaded me to qualify again and to join him flying for Mackey Airlines."

ALEXANDER and Ferrer are two of six pilots now in flying assignments for Eastern Airlines, which acquired three when it purchased Mackey in 1957.

The remaining three, according to Ferrer, are former pilots with Miami-based Airlift International - a cargo ity list.

"Modern Air Transport has a couple flying in Germany," Alexander said. "Air Spain, port and Southeast all have a few."

THE HIJACKING of a Southeast flight to Cuba and the seizure of its Cuban exile pilot by the Castro government - led to the temporary grounding of Eastern's Cubans.

But Ferrer is again flying 727 trijets while Alexander divides his time between flight-test assignments and various goodwill activities involving Eastern and Miami's Latin American community.

About 80 per cent of the association's members work out of Miami, with the remainder mostly in New York or San Juan.

MANY ARE former pilots for Cubana Airlines, Aerovias Q, Expreso, Cuba Aeropostal, the Cuban Air Force or Navy.

"It's very difficult for a Cuban to fly with an American airline," said Lou Pala- the Cuban Pilots Association cio, a commercial pilot who is Mike Acosta, an Eastern is working in sales for East- ground instructor. Secretary to get a flying assignment.

"It's simply a case where the airlines can get people coming out of the service with jet fime and other qualifications we don't have.

youngest airline captain at 24, was turned down by Eastern in 1962 because he opportunity to keep his flywas not an American citizen. (He now holds U.S. citizen-

More humiliating to him was his first failure to pass his air transport rating test as he sought to requalify as an airlne pilot in this coun-

"I flunked because I couldn't speak the language well," Ferrer recalled with a Lanica, Southern Air Trans- grin. 1 was so small lider that I promised myself I'd get every license the United States offered."

> HE NOW HOLDS a string of ratings ranging from ground instructor to aircraft dispatcher.

Ferrer flew into political asylum in this country 12 years ago after passengers helped him overpower a guard watching over the DC3 he commanded.

He quickly joined the exile invasion force in Guatemala and piloted a transport supplying troops at the ill-fated Bay of Pigs raid. \

"When I got back from the Bay of Pigs, I went to work scraping boats on the Miami River for \$1 an hour, then started in as a milkman."

SOON, HE MOVED on to flying. United Nations, missions in Africa and ultimately joined Mackey.

Ferrer's vice president at ern after trying for five years of the group is Mike Murciano, chief of operations for Lanica of Nicaragua.

Alexander describes the association as "sort of a fraternal organization," which offers both social activities FERRER, who was Cuba's and a ground school which Palacio says "gives the Cuban driving a taxicab an ing ratings current" until he can locate an aviation job.

> "My work is to keep the pilots unified," Ferrer said. "Unfortunately, most of the Cubans here are disunited. We have been an example of: unity in the Cuban communi-

airline that still counts about try Release 2001/03/04 CIA-RDP80-01601R001100140001-7

#### Approved For Release 2001/03/04:19/2-RDP80-01601R00110

### CIA and Mercenary Air Forces

CIA and local Asian air forces are playing a growing role in the air war as the Administration seeks to minimize overt American involvement. There is abundant documentation pointing to the participation of these air forces in opium smuggling as well as in combat. (See Ramparts, 4/71 for a fuller account.)

Local Asian air forces--supplied, maintained and directed by American "advisors"--are doing an increasing amount of the bombing. The size of the Vietnamese Air Force (VNAF) has increased dramatically, and the Royal Lao Air Force (RLAF), the Royal Thai Air Force (RTAF), and the Cambodian Air Force at slower rates. Although all the aircraft are piloted by Asians, Americans do everything else, from directing bomb loading to spotting for strikes.

Air America and Continental Airlines, privately owned, profit-making companies, operate under CIA direction and wage much of the supportive air war in Laos and Cambodia. The "charter" companies' planes perform troop transport and supply functions, spot for bombers, and engage in rescue operations for downed pilots. Air Force helicopters, helicopter gunships and giant C-130 cargo planes are "rented" to Air America for \$1 a year in Laos.

#### ASIAN AIR FORCES

American aid to VNAF, FY 1970-72: \$922 million American aid to RLAF, FY 1970-72: \$128 million (DoD, CR, 8/3/71)

"The Nixon Doctrine . . . was premised on the assumption . . . of increased U.S. military assistance."
(Undersecy. of State U. Alexis Johnson, FY 1972 DoD Authorization Hearings).

"An important factor in carrying out the Nixon Doctrine will be our military assistance program. We are requesting 48 million for development and 70.4 million for procurement of the International Fighter. In addition, we are requesting 10 million for initial spares. This aircraft is needed to provide an air defense capability for [our] Asian allies." (Secy. of Air Force Robert C. Seamans, FY 1972 Senate DoD Appropriations Hearings)

Sen. Symington: "Are we going to continue to put these billions into Southeast Asia? Is that the overall plan in the U.S. today?" Secy. Seamans: "For the forseeable future we are going to continue to spend sizeable dollars in Southeast Asia." (Ibid.)

#### VIETNAMESE AIR FORCE

"South Vietnamese military officers continue to deal in large quantities of heroin and to transport it around South Vietnam in military aircraft."
(Rep. Robert H. Steele, House Subcommittee on Europe, 7/7/71)

#### VNAF INVENTORY

	. Fixed Wing	Hell-	Total, inc.
Year	Attack Aircr.	copters	Cargo, recon.
1/69	approx. 100	approx. 125	approx. 575
1/72	(total FW &	heli. 750+)	1,000+
1/73*	300-400	500-600	1,200
•			

\*projected (1969 and 1973 figures, Cornell study. 1972 figures, DoD)

#### VNAF PERSONNEL

1968: 20,000 (slightly under) 1972 (Jan.): 45,000 1973\*: 50,000

\*projected (Ibid.)

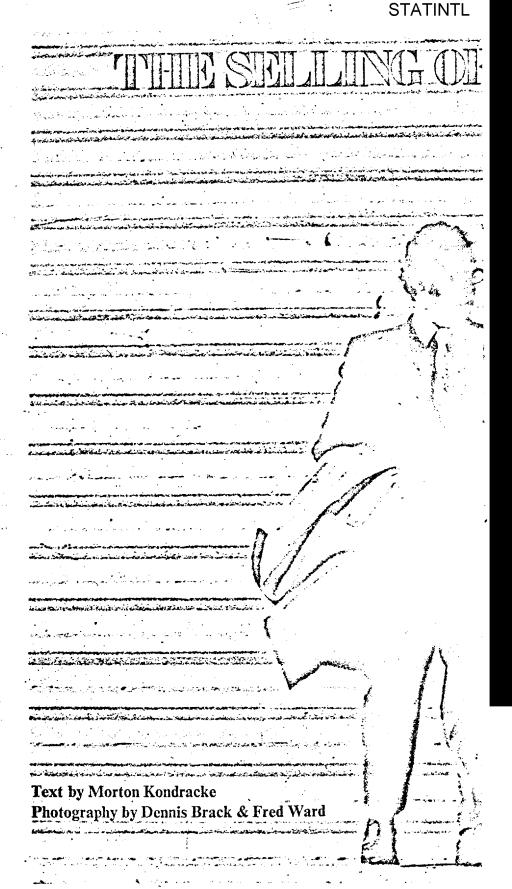
#### VNAF ATTACK SORTIES

Year	Indochina	Laos	Cambodia
1968	2,250/mo.	none	none
1970	3,150/mo.	none	820
1971*	3,490/mo.	40	1,100
	July, 1971 1 študy)		

"Mr. Seamans acknowledged that the Vietnamese 'will never be able to build the capability to do all that the United States Air Force has been doing in Laos. The Vietnamese Air Force . . . does not possess either B-52s or F-4s, the jet planes that do most of the trail bombing, and there are no plans, 'Mr. Seamans said, 'to give it any.'"

"The South Vietnamese Air Force is the Craig Whitney, NYT, 12/6/71) sixth Targest air force in the world 103/04: CIA-RDP80-01601R001100140001-7 (Michael Getler, Post, 1/14/72)

## Approved For Release 2001/08/04/1 C9A2RDP80-016



Approved For Release 2001/03/04 : CIA-RDP80-01601R001100140001176

#### STATINTL

#### Approved For Release 2001/03/04/71CIA-RDP80-01



—From a United Press international interview by Edward K. Deleng with Victor. Marchetti who guit the CIA after working there 16 years. The full text of the interview was published in U.S. News & World Report, Oct. 11, 1971.

"Marchetti said areas where the CIA might launch future clandestine paramilitary activities include South America, India, Africa and the Philippines — all places in the threes of social upheavel. Upheavel, he said, is what prompts the CiA director to begin planning clandestine activities in a country. . . .

"In addition to Air America, Marchetti said, the CIA has set up both Southern Air Transport in Miami and Recky Mountain Air in Phoenix for possible use in paramilitary operations in South America. Similar false airlines have been bought and sold all over the world, he said, including one in Nepal and another in East Africa."

STATINTL

## Ein Eingeweihter über die CIA

Von paramilitärischen Geheimaktionen bis zur Anzettelung von Kriegen

Viktor Marchetti, ein ehemaliger Mitarbeiter der Central Intelli-gence Agency (CIA), sprach gegenüber einem UPI-Mitarbeiter als Eingeweihter über einige Proktiken des amerikanischen Geheimdienstes, dessen Leitung er lange Jahre angehörte, Obwohl er sich über die Verschwendung entrüstet, die dieses Instrument der USA-Regierung betreibt - er schlägt u.a. nicht realisierbare Kontrollmaßnahmen vor —, bejaht er im Prinzip diese Institution. Im folgenden Auszug aus dem amerikanischen Magazin dürften beson-ders die Außerungen Marchettis In einer ihm gemäßen Sprache
 über die Rolle amerikanischer Geheimdienste bei der Anzettlung von Kriegen in Gebieten, in denen den USA nicht genehme Entwicklungen im Gange sind, interessant sein. Ein Grund für sein Ausscheiden aus der CIA liegt in der .sicher durch die Kenntnis von Geheimdokumenten beeinflußten --Einsicht, doß die blutige USA-Aggression gegen Indochino dem amerikanischen Ansehen in der Welt schodet. Das amerikanische · Magazin zitiert aus dem Gespräch u. a.:

So verwendet zum Beispiel die Nationale Sicherheitsbehörde (National Security Agency) — zu deren Aufgabengebiet es auch gehört, aufgefangene Botschoften ausländischer Regierungen zu dechiffrieren — etwo die Höllte ihres Johresbudgets von einer Milliarde Dollar. "Sie haben in Fort Meade (Maryland) ganze Waggons voll von Ionböndern von mitgeschnittenen sowjetischen (Rundfunk-) Mitteilungen, die zehn Jahre alt sind — Güterwagen voll. Weil die Sowjets in Codesystemen ebenso erfinderisch sind wie wir. Es ist technisch fast eine Unmöglichkeit, eine verschlüsselte, chilfrierte Botschaft zu dechiffieren. So beschränken sie sich darauf, ständig das Material weiter zu sammeln und es in Waggons zu

lagern. Sie horchen weiter in der ganzen Welt. Sie geben weiter ein Vermögen aus in dem Versuch, die sowietischen (Chiffrier- und Dechiffrier-)Computer nachzubauen".

führte er aus...
Was Marchetti am meisten an der CIA beunruhigt, ist ihre Neigung zu den dunklen Künsten paramilitärischer Geheimaktionen — ein Gebiet, des für die Agentur doppette Anziehungskraft besitzt, weil das Militär auf diesem Terrain kaum operieren kann.

"Eins von den Dingen, die die Geheimdienstleute der CIA tun können, ist Kriege anzuzetteln", sagte er. "Sie können auf geheimen Wegen in einem Lande einen inoffiziellen Krieg auslösen und dafür sorgen, daß es so aussieht, als ob es sich nur um etwas handelt, was die lokalen Bauerntölpel selbst beschlossen haben und in eigener Regie durchführen wollen."

Auf diese Weise haben — Marchetti zufolge — die Vereinigten Staaten zuerst begonnen, aktiv in Vietnam zu kämpfen. Das ist die Art von Aktivität, die jetzt in Kambodscho und Loos vor sich geht, wo die CIA, wie kürzlich Zeugenaussagen vor dem Kongreß enthüllt haben, eine Operation durchführen, die 450 Millionen Dollar jährlich verschlingt, sagte er.

verschlingt, sagte er.
Marchetti erklärte, er sei davon überzeugt, daß die CIA auch für den Staatsstreich verantwortlich sei, durch den Prinz Norodom Sihanouk (von Kambodscha) Anfong 1970 vertrieben wurde und der die amerikanisch-südvietnamesische Razzia nach kommunistischen Zufluchtsorten in jenem Lande einige Wochen später ermöglichte.

Die Geheimoperationen in Südostasien waren vor Jahren der Anlaß, daß die CIA zur Tarnung dott eine Luftfahrtgesellschaft, die AIR America, gründete, die heute ebenso viele Menschen, nämlich 18 000, beschäftigt, wie der Arbeitsstab der CIA zählt, führte er aus. "Nun, die CIA hat nicht nur in Vietnam und Laos ihre Hände im Spiel", sagte Marchetti, "sie hält Ausschau nach weiteren Gebieten, in denen sich vielleicht auch günstige Gelegenheiten dieser Art ergeben könnten. Wenn sie beginnt, private Luftfahrtgesellschaften und alles andere zu errichten, was mit der Unterstützung für eine Regierung oder eine gegen die Regierung gerichtete Bewegung verbunden ist, so ist dies sehr, sehr gefährlich, weil die CIA dies auf geheimen Wegen tun kunn und es somit für das Publikum schwierig wird, zu erkennen, was vorgeht."

Marchetti zufolge gehören Südamerika, Indien, Afrika und die Philippinen zu den Gebieten, wo die CIA möglicherweise eine künftige paramilitärische Aktivität entwickeln könnten — alles tänder, in denen soziale Umwälzungen gären. Ein Umsturz sei das, was den CIA-Direktor veranlasse, mit der Planungfür eine mögliche Geheimdienstaktivität ir einem Lande zu beginnen, sagte Marchetti...

Außer der Fluggesellschoft AIR America habe die CIA die Southern Air Transport in Miarni und die Rocky Mountain Air in Phönix zum möglichen Einsatz für paramilitärische Operationen in Südamerika gegründet, sagte er. Ähnliche getarnte Fluglinien seien in der ganzen Welt aufgekauft und verkauft worden, u. a. eine in Nepal und eine in Ostofrika. Ferner teilte Marchetti mit, die CIA habe ein großes Depot im amerikanischen Mittelwesten, wo sie militärische Ausrüstungen aller Art und unmarkierte Waffen olier Art hat.

"Im Laufe der Jahre hat sie alles in der ganzen Welt gekauft, was sie an Unentdeckborem bekommen konnte — um sich auf den Eventualfall verzubereiten, daß sie vielleicht den Wunsch haben könnte, einer Gruppe in, sagen wir einmal, Guatemalo Waffen zu liefern..."

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## A FORMER STAFF OFFICER CRITICIZES CIA ACTIVITIES

STATINTL

Is the CIA starting to spy on Americans at home—turning talents and money against students, blacks, others? That is one of several key questions raised in e a wide ranging criticism. A direct response starts on page 81.

#### THE ATTACK

The following was written by Edward K. DeLong of United Press International, based on an interview with a Central Intelligence Agency official who has resigned. The dispatch was distributed by UPI for publication on October 3.

Victor Marchetti embarked 16 years ago on a career that was all any aspiring young spy could ask. But two years ago, after reaching the highest levels of the Central Intelligence Agency, he became disenchanted with what he perceived to

be amorality, overwhelming military influence, waste and duplicity in the spy business. He quit.

Fearing today that the CIA may already have begun "going against the enemy within" the United States as they may conceive it—that is, dissident student groups and civilrights organizations—Marchetti has launched a campaign for more presidential and congressional control over the entire

U. S. intelligence community.

"I think we need to do this because we're getting into an awfully dangerous era when we have all this talent (for clandestine operations) in the CIA-and more being developed in the military, which is getting into clandestine "ops" (operations)—and there just aren't that many places any more to display that talent," Marchetti says.

"The cold war is fading. So is the war in Southeast Asia,

except for Laos. At the same time, we're getting a lot of domestic problems. And there are people in the CIA whoif they aren't right now actually already running domestic operations against student groups, black movements and the

like-are certainly considering it.

"This is going to get to be very tempting," Marchetti said in a recent interview at his comfortable home in Oakton, [Va.], a Washington suburb where many CIA men live.

"There'll be a great temptation for these people to suggest operations and for a President to approve them or to kind of look the other way. You have the danger of intelligence turning against the nation itself, going against the 'the

Marchetti speaks of the CIA from an insider's point of view. At Pennsylvania State University he deliberately prepared himself for an intelligence cares leaden 2001/03/04 with a degree in hissian studies and history. Through a professor secretly on the CIA payroll as a talent scout, Marchetti netted the prize all would-be spies dream of-an immediate job offer from the CIA. The offer came during a secret meeting in a hotel room, set up by a stranger who telephoned and identified himself only as "a friend of your brother."

Marchetti spent one year as a CIA agent in the field and STATIN 10 more as an analyst of intelligence relating to the Soviet Union, rising through the ranks until he was helping prepare the national intelligence estimates for the White House,

During this period, Marchetti says, "I was a hawk.

I believed in what we were doing."

Then he was promoted to the executive staff of the CIA, moving to an office on the top floor of the Agency's headquarters across the Potomac River / from Washington.

For three years he worked as special assistant to the CIA chief of plans, programs and budgeting, as special assistant to the CIA's executive director, and as executive assistant to the Agency's deputy director, V. Adm. Rufus

L. Taylor.
"This put me in a very

rare position within the Agency and within the intelligence community in general, in that I was in a place where it was being all pulled together," Marchetti said.
"I could see how intelligence analysis was done and how it

fitted into the scheme of clandestine operations. It also gave me an opportunity to get a good view of the intelligence community, too: the National Security Agency, the DIA (Defense Intelligence Agency), the national reconnaissance organization-the whole bit. And I started to see the politics within the community and the politics between the community and the outside. This change of perspective during those three years had a profound effect on me, because I began to see things I didn't like."

With many of his lifelong views about the world shattered, Marchetti decided to abandon his chosen career. One of the CIALRIP & CLOT & TEACH TOO THE COLOR OF THE



Mr. Marchetti

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Airline For CIA? Not Us?

SAT Officials Deny Columnist's Report

A CIA airline?
Not us, say the folks at Miami's Southern Air Transport.

"I'm chairman of the board," chuckles F. C. (Doc) Moor, "and if it's a CIA operation 1 sure haven't gotten anything out of it at all."

"There's no sound basis for those reports at all," says Stanley G. Williams, president of the supplemental airline based at the northwest corner of Miami International Airport.

COLUMNIST Jack Andertion quoted a former ClA oflicial, Victor Marchetti, as identifying SAT as a subsidliary of the Central Intelligence Agency.

"The sole existence of SAT," according to Marchetti, "is that the CIA be ready for the contingency that



ned Hermad

someday it will have to ferry men and material to some Latin American country to wage a clandestine war." Moor and Williams, two of four stockholders in the privately held corporation that Moor founded in 1947, characterize SAT as a certified supplemental airline that deals in both commercial and military charters.

BUT, MOOR acknowledges, "I don't doubt that we've learned loads that may be CIA. A cargo agent calls with a load for us to pick up, and we carry it.

"We don't know who is shipping what to whom."

snipping what to whom.

Because of the capacity of its Lockheed Hercules air freighters, SAT is certified to carry outsized cargo anywhere in the world. The airline also is certified to haul regular cargo from any point in the United States to destinations in the Pacific or the Caribbean, SAT's original market for flights out of Miami.

TTS CARGOS may be as harmless as furniture or as yolatile as dynamite.

SAT conducts a divided operation, with three Hercules and two DC6s based in Miami and two Boeing jets operating on contract to the Military Airlift Command out of Taiwan.

with our Pacific operations and military flights out of Patrick Air Force Base, I'd say that 60 per cent of our work is military and 40 per cent commercial," Moor said.

past reports that one stock-holder in SAT is the Pacific Corp., a Delaware holding company that has been identified as the parent firm of Air America, whose shadowy operations in Vietnam have carned it the name "Air Spook."

According to Moor, SAT is controlled totally by himself, Williams, and two other private investors, Percy Brundage and Perkins McGuire.

Williams worries that rumors of cloak-and-dagger dealings could affect the company's international business

"THAT COULD hurt us," he said. "We're frequently applying for landing permits at airports all over the

Whoever SAT's clients are, its business enjoyed an upturn in 1970, records show.

turned a modest net profit of \$50,820 on \$10.79 million in revenues, against a \$2,470 loss the year before on \$11.04 million in revenues. Its total assets are listed at \$9.7 million.

STATINTL

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### Approved For Release 2001/03/04 : CIA-RDP80-01601R001

CIA ORGANIZING, WAGING UNDECLARED WARS OF AGGRESSION

Moscow TASS International Service in English 1941 CMT 21 Sep 71 L

[Text] Washington September 21 TASS -- TASS correspondent Vladislav Chernyshov reports

The Central Intelligence Agency is playing an increasingly active part in organising and waging undeclared wars of U.S. imperialism. This is confirmed by facts contained STATINTL in the "confidential memorandum" sent by the former CIA agent V. Manchetti to the member of the Congress House of Representatives Radilio published in the Vashington POST. Marchetta pointed out, in particular, that the U.S. administration, taking advantage of the vague formulation of U.S. laws, sanctions the setting up of secret military arsenals and paramilitary forces secretly from the public and Congress. These arsenals and forces controlled by the CIA, the Washington POST writes, were used and are evidently being used for waging secret wars in Asia, Africa and Latin America. .

The "confidential memorandum" says that for securing the possibility for launching rapidly military operations in various regions of the world the CIA has at its disposal air companies everywhere from the Congo to Repal. Among such companies mention is made, for example, of the "Southern Air Transport" in Miami whose tasks include the air lifting of troops and weapons to some Latin American country for waging a secret war in case of emergency.

The biggest agent of the CIA is the "Air America company which is playing an important part in the secret war in Laos.

In addition to its "unlimited" air transportation facilities, Marchetti points out, the CIA also keeps in the middle west arsenals of unregistered weapons, a secret base for training commandos in North Carolina, a secret air base in Nevada, and maintains contacts with international firms trading in arms.

Of late the attention of the U.S. and world public has been riveted to the war in Laos which has been waged for a number of years by the forces of mercenaries trained and paid by the CLA. As the U.S. ambassador to Lacs Godley admitted recently, the army of the CIA has a strength of 30,000 men now. These "irregular troops" as Washington prefers to call them are, as he put it, "the backbone of military efforts in Laos".

The "confidential memorandum" tells of how the CIA prepared these military operations. A network of airfields and supply bases where weapons and ammunition were brought from CIA arsenals, was set up in Lactian territory. Simultaneously the CIA recruited mercenaries with whose hands the war is being waged now. The CIA is by no means the only intelligence and subversive body of the USA through Which the U.S. administration is waging undeclared wars against the national liberation movements. According to the U.S. press, Washington spends approximately 5,000 million dollars a year on subversive activities in all the regions of the world, These assignments of U.S. Amperialism are carried out by about 200,000 staff members of various intelligence bodies.

As the newspaper Washington POST reports, the U.S. administration is now working out a plan of reorganizing and stepping up the activity of the country's entire espionage and subversive system.

#### Approved For Release 2001%03/94P. CMA-RDP80-016

The Washington Merry-Go-Mound

## Ex-CIA Man Tells Secret War Effort

#### By Jack Anderson

former insider the President with the miliness success in the Far East."

Marchetti makes these allegations:

• The White House has used "vague phraseology" in the law to build up a vast milisight.

dent could mount paramilitary to put out military brushfires operations almost anywhere, south of the border."

of embarrassment within the Carolina, even a secret airbase tors who could conduct the agency. A senior officer had to in Nevada, and its connections conflict. has be assigned the full-time-job with international arms dealcharged that the Central Intel-ligence Agency has provided the President with the mills

Rep. Herman Badillo (D-N.Y.) asserts, "is that the CIA be former CIA official Victor ready for the contingency that some day it will have to ferry men and material to some-Latin American country to wage a clandestine war."

#### Fire Fighters

America without the tradi-ful companies owned by the tional constitutional safe-CIA." This outfit specializes," guards and congressional over he says, "in training and air were secretly established up tracking down Che Guevara. • The CIA "has bought and for fire fighting purposes." sold air transport companies But he then points out that ered by the boatload from the later eventually caught up all over the world" from the the ClA has no need of fire ClA's warehouses in the Far with the revolutionary in Bo-Congo to Nepal, so the Presi fighting capability "unless it is East and the United States.

airlines, that it was a source tion training base in North things over to the CIA opera-

bility.

cer," based on his CIA experition recently to write a detailed background memo for because of his ferociousness. Congressman Badillo, who has introduced legislation to re-

Declarse Marchetti: "Air-Declarse Marchetti: "Air-clandestine foray into the ports and huge supply bases French Congo in hope of lifting parachutists, ostensibly country, close to the action. Arms and material were deliv-

Marchetti claims one such o The CIA's "air capabili- who would actually fight the and the CIA has led the U.S. company, Air America, "has ties, its warehouses full of un war for the ClA. The govern- into another humiliating, inexpression than most major U.S. the Midwest, a secret demoliand finessed into turning lemma."

#### Swashbuckling Agents

"The chief of station-the CIA's top post in the fieldown private wars around the world and is geared to fight world and is geared to fight still new clandestine wars.

In a confidential memo to Rep. Herman Badillo (D-N.Y.) former CIA official Victor Marketti as a CIA bear of the existence of SAT," he asserts, "is that the CIA be ready for the contingency that the continue th signed several months ago to that he intended 'to tear down write a novel, "The Rope Danthat blankety-blank wall.' He was transferred to Laos before ences. But he abandoned fic he had the opportunity to carry out his threat, in part.

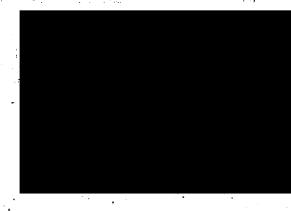
"He has been succeeded by force. Past presidents have ordered the CIA to wage secret wars in Asia, Africa and Latin nix as "one of the more color-America without the tradicial of the more color-Americ ----, former chief of station in

> "He failed. But his fellow operators a couple of years livia.

"Guerrilla chieftains were "These are the kind of men recruited to lead the Meos, who have led the CIA in Laos,

Bell-McClure Syndicats

STATINTL



### Air America's Civilian Facade Gives It Latitude in East Asia affiliates, the other through

#### By RICHARD HALLORAN

the American-supported clandestine army went on the attack in Laos again this week, pilots of a flamboyant airline tropied and secure transport. On the economic side, commercial work enables the company to keep its large fleet busy when part might be idle.

The outfit exudes an air of evacuate wounded.

gence Agency.

With its assorted fleet of 167 aircraft, Air America performs It is believed to be a major link for the C.I.A's extensive activities throughout Asia.

Air America parachutes Meo tribesmen and other secret agents behind North Vietnamese national police in Thailand, includes long-haul jets, the C-46 and South Korea, and dispatches Force planes. intelligence flights from Talwan Washington looks much like along the coast of Communist the offices of other medium-

helicopters from France and secretaries, bits of Asian art on Italy for assembly in Southeast

cial airlines such as Air Vietnam and Thai Airways and for China Airlines, which is on

Air America's civilian facade permits the United States to do things that would otherwise be impossible or, at least, politically embarrassing. The 1962 Geneva accords, for instance, prohibit foreign military aircraft in Laos but they say nothing about civilian planes. The facade also averts public attention in countries such as Japan that are sensitive to the American military presence.

Then too, intelligence services least two channels into Air arating division of Air America the world over have always America—one through the hold-used by the classes 200 to 100 to 10

special to The Nother Government agencies con-WASHINGTON, April 4-As trolled and secure transport. On

called Air America took to the skies once again to move troops, provide supplies and the Pirates." It has the flamboyance of the late Lieut. vacuate wounded.

Air America is a flight charter time Flying Tigers, from which destine army, is widely consid- America demands the resource- America is the Pacific Corporate able because the Pacific Corporated by the latest Central Intelligible have explored the unknown in Delaware interpretation being all transactions and earnings are unavailable. company that, like the clan- it is descended. Working for Air United States Central Intellibeaches of northern Canada, the South American highlands and Africa.

Those who have seen Air diverse missions across East America's pilots on the job in Asia from Korea to Indonesia. Asia say they have a sense of dedication and duty. They take more than routine risks and some have gone down in Asian which is also a Delaware corjungles, not to be seen again.

#### Asian Art on the Walls

Most of the company's aircraft, like those of regular airlines in Laos, trains mechanics lines, carry its name, though for the aviation division of the some are unmarked. The fleet hauls American aid cargo for were the workhorses of World the Agency for International War II, a variety of helicopters Development in South Vietnam, and the latest in single-engine ferries United States Air Force and twin-engine utility planes. men from Okinawa to Japan Air America also borrows Air

size businesses—conservatively The company also transports dressed executives, miniskirted the walls, a reddish-orange car-

> ness Administration at Harvard. Before joining Air America in well as carrying out clandestine 1953 he was the chief pilot for missions, is also generally be-Pan American and pioneered trans-Atlantic air routes before World War II.

In Asia the general manager is Hugh L. Grundy, 55, who is described by acquaintances as a quiet, shy man. He too is an alumnus of Pan American, having been an engineer with the line before the war and then having served in China. His headquarters is in Taipei, headquarters

Taiwan.
The C.I.A. evidently has at

charter arrangements under the guise of contracts with A.I.D. Gleanings from those contracts. which have been made available to The New York Times, show the extent of the operations.

The C.I.A. declines to comment on this subject, and A.I.D. officials refuse to discuss intelligence operations.

Mr. Doole, in an interview, brushed the matter aside. "If 'someone out there' is behind all this," he said, "we don't know about it."

#### Incorporated in Delaware

The parent company of Air \$10,000. Mr. Doole said the shares were privately held, mostly by the five members of poration and its subsidiaries employ about 9,300 people.

The Pacific Corporation owns 100 per cent of Air America, poration founded in 1950. The line owns 125 aircraft and leases 42 more. It employs about 4,700 people, some 400 of them pilots, and has bases in Okinawa, Taiwan, South Okinawa, Vietnam, Thailand and Laos.

Air America, in turn owns 99 per cent of Air Asia, which was set up on Taiwan in 1955. Air-Asia claims the finest aircraft

law on Taiwan. K was founded in 1946 by General Chennault, the United States air commander in China during World War II who died in 1958, and is

as C.A.T., which originally functioned as a regular airline as missions, is also generally believed to have been operated Thais.
and partly financed by United "We hire the same pilots that 1950.

When the Chinese National ists wanted to establish a Chinese-run airline, C.A.T. had to get out of the passenger business. Most of its other operations have since been absorbed by Air America but it still flies some special missions.

There is also a separate op-

"We're all one family," Mr. Doole said. "You can't tell one from the other. We tie them together with contracts and don't even keep separate books except for tax purposes.

· Air America and its affiliates appear to be self-sustaining operations in that they are paid by A.I.D. and commercial clients for their work. Because more than 50 per cent of it is done under Government contract, it is impossible to say whether the line makes a profit in the commercial sense. Moreover, its financial transac-

licly.
The boards of directors of the board of directors. The cor- the companies are closely tied together. Most of the directors serve on several boards, which are made up of reputable businessmen chosen to give the entire complex respectability and

a cover that looks genuine.
Samuel A. Walker, chairman of the Pacific Corporation, is a managing partner of Joseph Walker & Sons, a New York banking house. He is also a director of Air America.

#### Pilots Are Greatest Asset

The chairman of Alr America and Air Asia is Adm. Felix B. maintenance and repair facility in Asia, at Tainan.

In addition, the Pacific Corporation owns 40 per cent of Civil Air Transport, incorporated under Chinese Nationalist law on Taiwan Representations of the Pacific Corporation and Chinese Nationalist law on Taiwan Representations of the Pacific Corporation and Chinese Nationalist law on Taiwan Representations of the Pacific Corporation and Air Asia Stump, who was commander in

Air America and Air Asia.

Robert G. Goelet, William A.

Read and Arthur B. Richardson are directors of all three companies. Mr. Goelet has extensive holdings in New York real Italy for assembly in Southeast Asia, flies prospectors looking for copper and geologists and provides pilots for commerand provides pilots for commerital airlines such as Air Vietine wans, a requisitorange carrier. It who died in 1958, and is sive holdings in New York real and the pilots of the pilots

Air America's greatest assets are its pilots, mostly Americans but including some Chinese and

States intelligence agencies. Air Pan American and United hire,"
America took over C.A.T. in Mr. Doole said, "except that ours are a bit more experienced."

He shied from the term "bush

continued